Addressing sleep disorder of autistic children with Qur’anic sound therapy

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ABSTRACT

Autism is a neural development disorder characterized by the deterioration in social interaction, abnormal language expression, repetitive actions, imaginative game tendencies, and limited and/or obsessiveness in certain activities/interests. Lack of sleep is one of the factors contributing to the worsening of overall negative symptoms of autistic children. From the Islamic perspective, sleep is a necessity and could function as a treatment for health problems, in addition to influencing behavior patterns. Sound therapy has been used in dealing with various health problems, including sleep problems and mental ill health. Possibly, it can also address sleep problems of the autistic children. Listening to the melodious Qur’anic recitation is known to have therapeutic effects even on individuals who do not understand the meaning of the verses being read; it could function as sound therapy. However, no established work has been done to study the effect of Qur’anic verses recitation on autistic children and their sleep problems. Similar to the use of music therapy, Qur’anic recitation is also expected to have a positive impact on speech, learning and interpersonal relationship. As a healing medium, Qur’anic therapy is also expected to have a better result as compared to other conventional sound therapy since its content could be psychotherapeutic.

Keywords: Sleep Disorder; Autism; Qur’anic Therapy; Sound Therapy

1. INTRODUCTION

Autism is a neural development disorder characterized by the deterioration in social interaction, abnormal language expression, repetitive actions, imaginative game tendencies and limited and/or obsessiveness in certain activities and interests [1]. It is a chronic psychiatric disorder of childhood that usually begins before the age of three years. Approximately 1% of children general population has autistic spectrum disorder [2-6].

It has been reported that a feature of autistic problem is sleep disturbance; involving approximately 44% - 83% of its population [7]. Lack of sleep has been reported as one of the factors contributing to the worsening of negative symptoms of children with autism. Disturbance of the sleep behavior will subsequently affect an autistic person’s cognitive ability and his daily routine [8-10]. Some studies suggested that improving sleep quality [7, 11-13] could actually reduce negative emotional tendencies like aggressive behaviors, tantrums and self-inflicted injury [14].

Music therapy as part of complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) has been used to address sleep problem [15-17]. Past studies showed that music therapy has a positive effect on the development of emotional and interpersonal abilities [18-20]. This treatment has been reported to assist children in two-way interaction, tolerance, social flexibility and other interpersonal skills depending on the approach used [21-23].

This paper submits the potential therapy of the melodious Qur’anic recitation for sleep disorder among autistic children. Besides that, this paper suggests the Qur’anic recitation functioning as sound therapy for sleep disorder among autistic children, based on the positive impact of music therapy as sound healing for certain mental disorders.
2. MENTIONS OF SLEEP IN QUR’AN

Antagonistic relationship between conventional medicine and religion since the time of the Renaissance ceased to exist in Islamic science through Qur’an and works by Muslim scholars [24-27]. Qur’an, the holy book of Islam is accepted by the Muslim community as an antidote and healing medium, especially for mental related illness [28,29].

The use of Qur’anic therapy as a cure has been described in several verses of the Qur’an, as below:

‘... Say: “It is a Guide and a Healing to those who believe; and for those believe not, there is a deafness in their ears, and it is blindness in their eyes: they are (as it were) being call a place far distant.”’

(Qur’an 41:44)

Islam advocates conventional medical therapy to be accompanied by recitation of Qur’anic verses; serving as psychospiritual therapy [28,30-32]. The Qur’an, which functions as guidance for Muslims, has stated clearly in certain verses that sleep phenomena has significant role in man’s daily lives.

“And We have made your sleep [a means for] rest.”

(Qur’an 78:9)

Hence, from the Islamic perspective it is clear that man needs sleep because the Creator has made it as part of human nature [33,34] and, in addition, its importance for the well-being of the body has been well established by conventional science. Scientifically, adequate sleep has been reported to be very important to human health. Thus, sleep can be part of health treatment, providing physical and mental rest [35].

Lack of sleep will affect the human immune function, making the body vulnerable to infections/diseases [36], besides the early impression of aging [37]. It is also one of the factors contributing to several acute and chronic diseases, such as breast cancer [38] and heart failure [39].

As for recitation of the Qur’an, it is typically done with various tarannum or song/melody. Hence, sound therapy involving listening to melodious Qur’anic recitations could be functioning as an antidote and/or a healer (e.g. Qur’an 17:82; 41:44; 10:57).

3. SLEEP DISORDER OF AUTISTIC CHILDREN

Sleep disturbance is a significant problem for children with autism [40]. Sleep patterns also differ among same preschool kids with autistic and deterioration of neural development [41].

Scientific reports state that the various sleep disorders could lead to negative implications [42-46] and contribute to the increase in negative valences in autistic children [47,48]. These sleep disturbances influence negatively on the behavior patterns of a child with autism.

The aspects of sleep problems/disturbances faced by autistic children are very much related to the quality of their sleep, duration and period of sleep. It has been reported that they have abnormal sleep patterns and sleep disorders [11,49], such as requiring certain duration of sleep time (time required for deep sleep) [50], sleep disturbance threshold when almost asleep [51], low qualities of sleep [52], waking up at midnight or too early [53] and abnormal sleep routine [54].

Relationship between behavior and sleep problems in autistic child has been proposed [51]. This is based on studies focusing on the effectiveness of care and sleep problems in children with autism. The presence of insomniac symptoms in autistic children has been identified. In addition, a positive relationship between quality of sleep with affective problems and reduced social interaction has been reported among autistic children. Hence, sleep disorders and low quality sleep of autistic children could worsen their negative behaviors [6].

Approximately 43% - 68% of autistic children experienced sleep epilepsy [52]. This high percentage may be due to genetic factors. Nevertheless, the absence or lack of similarity of electroencephalogram (EEG) between an autistic child with his/her siblings indicates that genetic is not the only factor to explain the abnormality of EEG frequency in children with autism. A longitudinal population-based study suggested problems with sleep cycle stages of sleep exist in children with autism [6,53].

Symptoms of fear during sleep “sleep terrors” are also found to be a nuisance to normal sleep of autistic children, i.e. waking up suddenly during low state EEG wave, followed by manifestation of fear such as screaming and crying. This situation could possibly be a reflection of the problems they faced during the day and subsequently expressed unconsciously in their sleep. Sleep terrors can lead to distraction for patients and family from the real problems [49].

To date, researches focusing on sleep problems among adults with autism are less compared to researches involving children with autism. This might be due to the misdiagnosed of the disorder; being considered a habit and, in addition, behavioral adaptations keep the situation hidden [47].

4. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY FOR SLEEP DISORDER OF AUTISTIC CHILDREN

A list of methodologies used for research in sleep disorder of autistic children is shown in Table 1. Two main categories have been used in studies which deal with sleep disorders among autistic children [55]: 1) subjec-
Table 1. Studies on sleep disorders involving autistic individuals and the instruments used [58,66-69].

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Researcher (Year)</th>
<th>Instrument</th>
<th>Respondent status (n)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allik et al. (2006)</td>
<td>Actigraphy</td>
<td>AS (32), Autism (32)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton &amp; Richdale (2010)</td>
<td>Background information questionnaire, sleep diary</td>
<td>Autism (34)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taylor et al. (2012)</td>
<td>BEDSb</td>
<td>Autism (219)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park et al. (2012)</td>
<td>Parent report questionnaire</td>
<td>Autism (166)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tsai et al. (2012)</td>
<td>CSHQc</td>
<td>Autism (64)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


5. Qur’anic Recitation as Sound Therapy

Sound therapy has been used to address various health problems [70], especially in relation to depression [71], pain management [72], emotional and psychological problems [23], traumatic brain injury [73] and stroke recovery [74]. Almost every research done by scientists related to sound therapy applied elements of music or instruments to trigger the reactions of subjects being studied [75]. For example, an experiment was done to see the response of foetus towards music and its impact on the heart rate and foetal movement. Auditory system proves to be responsive and plays a role, starting as young as eight months in the womb [76]. In the Islamic tradition, pregnant mothers are encouraged to read certain Qur’anic chapters (e.g. chapter Maryam and Yusuf) during pregnancy. It can be assumed that the foetus in the womb is being stimulated by the melodious recitation of the Qur’anic verses. In fact, Qur’anic verses describing the creation of man are normally initiated with narration on the ability to listen, prior to narration on the ability to see and think.

“And Allah brought you forth from the wombs of your mothers when you knew nothing, and He gave you hearing and sight and feeling (common sense) so that you may be grateful.”

(Qur’an 16:78)

Music as sound therapy plays a significant role especially in the field of psychology. It is also recognized by Muslim scholars, especially during the golden era of Islamic civilization. Some Muslim scholars such as Al-Farabi and Al-Kindi were involved in the science of music [77].

Qur’anic recitation has the effect as therapy and relaxation to an individual even if the person does not understand the meaning of the verses being read [78]. Unfortunately, very few studies have been done involving recitation of Qur’an as auditory system stimulant, even though Qur’an could function as sound therapy [79]. As sound therapy, it is expected to have similar effects as music. For Muslim autistic children, they could also vocalized the Qur’anic recitations and, hence, making it part of speech therapy.

The potential of the sound and melody from Qur’anic recitation in shaping a person’s emotion and psychology has its basis in Islamic history. For example, the fierce personality of Prophet Muhammad’s companion, Umar Al-Khattab, before his conversion to Islam changed when he first heard verses of Qur’an recited by his sister [79]. Similar to music therapy, the melodious sound of Qur’anic therapy has a therapeutic effect to address emotional, cognitive and social needs of individuals.

Muslims believe that as the biggest miracle revealed to the Prophet Muhammad [80], the Qur’an is extremely
special not only in its content/substance, but also through the acts of reading and listening to its verses. For example, there are studies reporting the positive effect of listening to Qur’anic recitation on a sleepy driver [81] and the effect of reciting the Qur’an on mental health [82]. When comparing between listening to Qur’anic recitation or music, higher percentage of alpha waves were generated by the former [83,84]. Alpha waves have been associated with the state of inner peace, for example the link was demonstrated through meditation [85]. Since listening to Qur’anic recitations and/or doing the recitations are able to increase the level of inner peace to an individual, Qur’anic therapy can be beneficial to autistic children who have emotional problems [84]. As an alternative sound therapy, Qur’anic verses, with specific messages/contents, have added values for its listeners, including autistic children. A study has shown that different brain parts will be activated depending on the type of audio stimulation a person received [86]. Table 2 showed different brain areas being activated in normal and autistic individuals. Parts of the brain that function in determining speech ability and understanding the information received are Broca’s and Wernicke’s areas in the brain left hemisphere [36]. These parts are located in the frontal and temporal lobes, where they are closely located to the organ of hearing itself, the ears.

Even for the autistic children, the ability to recite selected Quranic verses is also considered a necessity for some Muslim prayer rituals. Thus, the recitation of Qur’an, itself, could be considered as speech training; a type of speech therapy. It is worth noting that for autistic children, listening to repeated sentences activated left precentral gyrus, which is the primary motor gyrus (Table 2). If the recitation of the Qur’an is repeated many times, it will also register in the long-term memory [87, 88].

Having memorized Qur’anic verses or successful in hafazan (Arabic term for memorization) is considered as to have reached a high merit in Islam. Such an achievement gives a sense of pride to both the memorizer and his/her family.

6. CONCLUSION

Qur’anic sound therapy for autistic children has not yet been established. However, this kind of therapy could adapt the same concept as music therapy. Past researches showed that music as sound therapy has a positive impact on speech, learning and interpersonal relationship. Qur’anic therapy is expected to have better results compared to other conventional sound therapies, since it produces alpha waves higher when listening to music. Hence, it is recommended that Qur’anic therapy be studied as a healing medium in addressing sleep problems of autistic children and also their emotional problems.

7. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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REFERENCES


Table 2. PET brain mapping based on audio stimulation [86].

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Audio Stimulus</th>
<th>Brain Areas Activated (via Positron Emission Tomography/PET)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Normal individual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A pseudorandom sequence of tones</td>
<td>Primary and secondary auditory cortex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simple sentences</td>
<td>Left lateral temporal cortex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeated sentences</td>
<td>Right pre-motor cortex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Left primary sensorimotor cortex</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


